

# Mid Cap Relative Value SMA Commentary

1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2026

## Investment Objective

The Sterling Capital Mid Cap Relative Value SMA seeks long-term capital appreciation. The portfolio uses a value investment approach to invest primarily in common stocks of mid-cap companies. We believe that undervalued companies with good earnings prospects have superior appreciation potential with reasonable levels of risk. Quantitatively, we focus on a stock's fundamental valuation relative to its peers. Qualitatively, we seek to identify business catalysts which will serve to drive future earnings growth, increase investor interest and expand valuation.

| Performance      | QTR   | YTD   | 1Y     | 3Y     | 5Y    | 10Y    |
|------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| Sterling (Gross) | 5.77% | 5.77% | 15.71% | 11.97% | 7.24% | 10.16% |
| Sterling (Net)   | 5.01% | 5.01% | 12.37% | 8.73%  | 4.13% | 6.97%  |
| Index            | 3.68% | 3.68% | 17.62% | 13.14% | 7.94% | 9.75%  |

## Key Quarterly Performance Notes

- The portfolio posted a total return of 5.77% (gross of fees) and 5.01% (net of fees) during the three-month period ended 03.31.2026. In the quarter, it outperformed the Russell Midcap Value<sup>®</sup> Index by 209 bps (on a gross basis) and by 133 bps (on a net basis).
- **Absolute Performance Drivers:** Within the portfolio, holdings in the Energy, Industrials, and Consumer Staples sectors performed the best on an absolute basis. Holdings within Communications Services, Health Care, and Financials lagged.
- **Relative Performance Drivers:** On a sector basis, relative outperformance during the quarter was driven by positive stock selection, primarily within the Industrials, Consumer Staples, and Real Estate sectors. Negative stock selection within the Information Technology and Health Care sectors, as well as an underweight allocation to Energy, served as a partial offset.

Bps = basis points. The composite inception date is 07.01.2013. Data is as of 03.31.2026. Performance results prior to 08.01.2015 are considered "predecessor performance" and were achieved by the investment team when they were part of the Stratton Management Company. The benchmark is the Russell MidCap Value<sup>®</sup> Value Index. Performance is preliminary and is annualized for periods longer than one year. Net of fees performance returns are preliminary and are presented net of the investment management fees and trading expenses. Gross of fees performance returns reflect the deduction of trading costs: a client's return will be reduced by the management fees and other expenses it may incur. Investment management fees are described in SCM's Form ADV 2A. Performance reflects the reinvestment of interest income and dividends and realized capital gains. The performance presented represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results. Performance is compared to an index; however, the volatility of an index varies greatly and investments cannot be made directly in an index. Market conditions vary from year to year and can result in a decline in market value due to material market or economic conditions. Please refer to the attached GIPS Composite Report for additional disclosures. Net returns are calculated by deducting the highest applicable wrap fee of 3.00% annually from the gross composite return. Sources: Russell Investments; eVestment Alliance; Sterling Capital Management Analytics.

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## Market Commentary

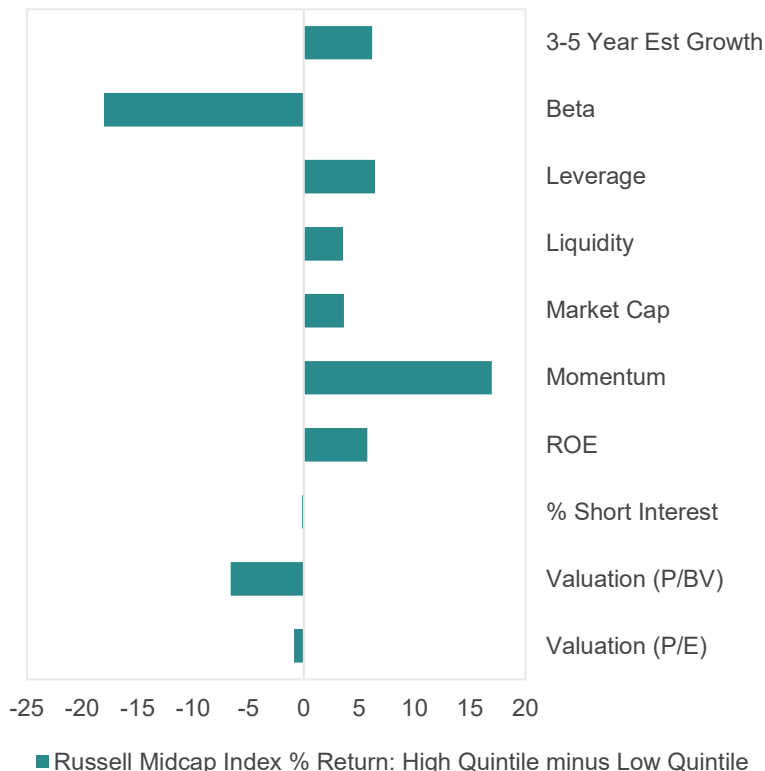
### Mid Cap Market Review

- Mid cap equities, represented by the Russell Midcap<sup>®</sup> Index, posted a total return of 0.90% in Q1. The year began on a strong note, in our opinion, with company commentary during earnings season suggesting healthy corporate expansion. Meanwhile, the employment statistics showed job growth to be slowing, suggesting to the stock market that the Federal Reserve may have room to cut interest rates without spurring inflation. The result was the Russell Midcap<sup>®</sup> Index advancing nearly 7% through the first two months. Then, a war broke out in the Middle East, oil prices advanced substantially, and mid caps gave back their gains. A rally on the final day of March resulted in a slightly positive quarter, overall.
- Within the Russell Midcap Value<sup>®</sup> Index, which gained 5.33%, sector performance varied widely. Energy and Information Technology posted strong gains while Financials and Consumer Discretionary were laggards. Energy was driven by rising oil and natural gas prices as the conflict in the Middle East escalated. Information Technology was again led by companies producing hardware components used in data center buildouts. Financials were the biggest Q1 laggard as the sector faced multiple headwinds including rising interest rates, fallout from concerns over private credit, and worries about artificial intelligence (AI)-developed software displacing traditional vendors. Discretionary was hurt by negative consumer confidence reports and renewed inflation concerns.
- Within the Midcap segment, Value outperformed Growth by 805 basis points for the quarter. The relative outperformance of Value to Growth was driven primarily by two sectors, Information Technology and Energy. The disparity within Information Technology was driven by the same dynamics as last quarter. The software-heavy Growth benchmark continues to struggle while Value constituents in the technology hardware business produce strong returns. Energy performance was strong within both benchmarks, but the weighting of Energy in the Value benchmark is more than double the Energy weighting in Growth.

### Outlook

- Actions from the executive branch heavily influenced the stock market in 2025, a trend which has continued in 2026. While war in the Middle East drove performance in March, our focus remains longer term. We believe administration policies to increase U.S. manufacturing will result in increased corporate capital expenditures on construction in coming quarters.
- Construction and manufacturing have relatively high economic multipliers. Increased corporate capital expenditure spending, augmented by a healthier consumer following a more favorable tax refund season, should benefit the U.S. economy.
- The build out of data centers across the U.S., which also necessitates the expansion of power-related infrastructure from pipelines to plants to transmission wires, is another driver of capital expenditures.
- Inflation had slowed to close 2025. However, if the recent rise in energy prices holds, it may reaccelerate and add upward pressure on interest rates in our opinion. The volume of government debt issuances is also a concern, in our view.
- We continue to seek investments in higher quality, value equities with above-peer-average earnings prospects. We believe these characteristics will remain in relative favor through a potentially volatile environment for stocks.

**Factor Performance:  
Mid Cap Equity Market**



ROE = return on equity. The above chart depicts the performance of the constituents of the Russell MidCap Value Index based on relative composite fundamental characteristics. The benchmark for this composite is the Russell MidCap Value Index. For illustrative purposes only, characteristics are also shown for the Russell MidCap Value Index in order to provide additional information on the broader small-cap equity market. For each characteristic, the constituents of the index are sorted and grouped into quintiles. The bar adjacent to each characteristic listed shows the performance of the stocks in the highest quintile relative to the performance of the those in the lowest quintile. Terms and definitions can be found on page 4. Source: Bloomberg L.P.



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## Performance Attribution Analysis

### Top Contributors:

- MasTec
- Casey's General Stores
- Phillips 66
- Powell Industries
- Curtiss-Wright

### Bottom Contributors:

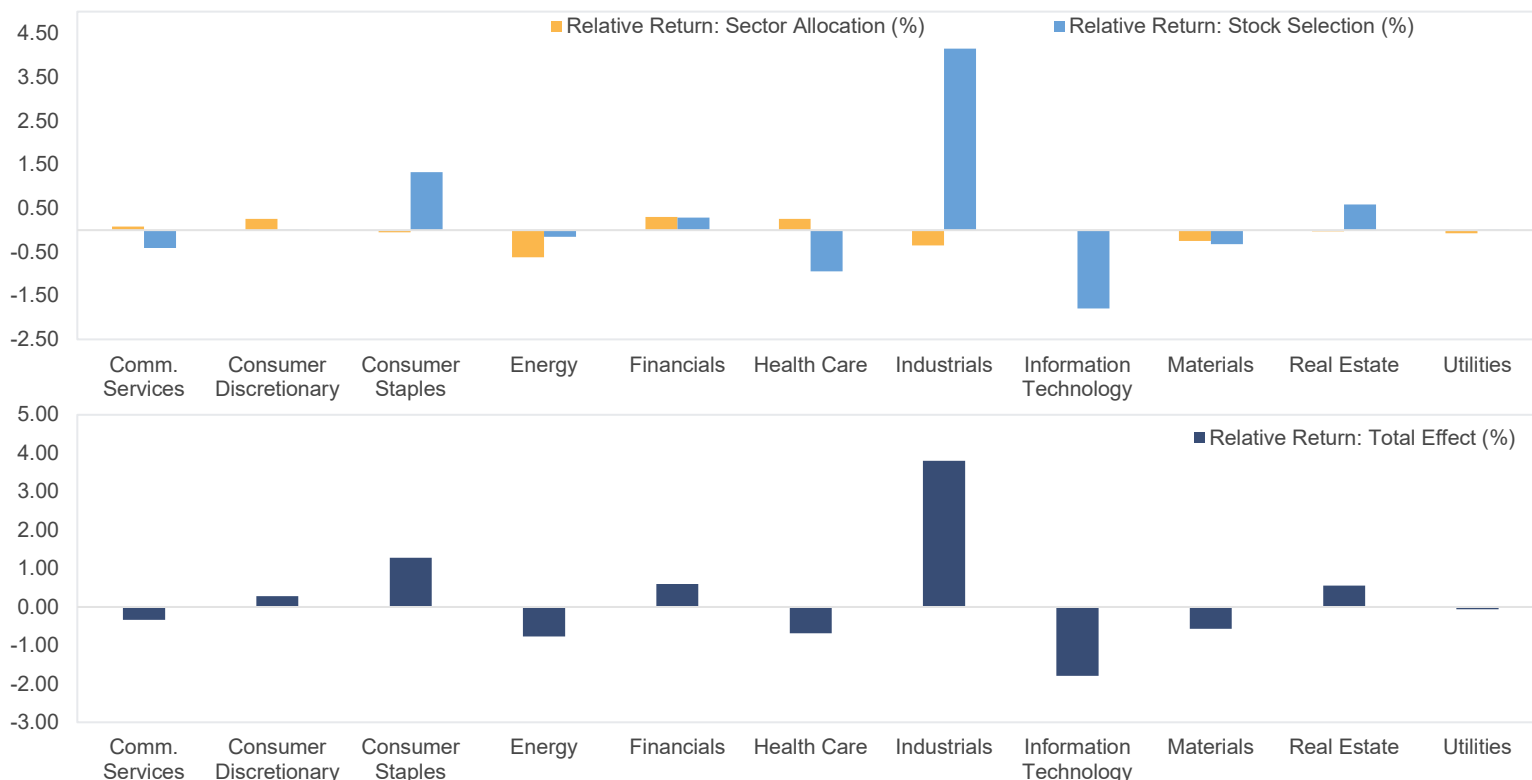
- Commvault Systems
- ICON PLC
- Take-Two Interactive
- Fortune Home Security
- PTC

### Relative Contributors

- Positive stock selection within the Industrials sector led by portfolio holdings MasTec and Powell Industries.
- Positive stock selection within the Consumer Staples sector driven by portfolio holding Casey's General Stores.
- Positive stock selection within Real Estate sector, driven by portfolio holding Digital Realty Trust.

### Relative Detractors

- Negative stock selection within the Information Technology sector driven by portfolio holdings Commvault and PTC.
- Negative stock selection within the Health Care sector driven by portfolio holding Icon.
- An underweight allocation to the Energy sector.



CI- A = Class A Common Stock. Data is as of 03.31.2026. Sources: FactSet; Sterling Capital Management Analytics. Attribution source: FactSet. Attribution results are shown for illustrative purposes only.

# Important Information & Disclosures

**Past performance is not indicative of future results. Any type of investing involves risk and there are no guarantees that these methods will be successful. Economic charts are provided for illustrative purposes only. The information provided herein is subject to market conditions and is therefore expected to fluctuate.**

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SCM does not provide tax or legal advice. You should consult with your individual tax or legal professional before taking any action that may have tax or legal implications.

Performance is preliminary and is annualized for periods longer than one year. Net of fees performance returns are preliminary and are presented net of the investment management fees and trading expenses. Net returns are calculated by deducting the highest applicable wrap fee of 3.00% annually from the gross composite return. Gross of fees performance returns reflect the deduction of trading costs: a client's return will be reduced by the management fees and other expenses it may incur. Investment management fees are described in SCM's Form ADV 2A. Performance reflects the reinvestment of interest income and dividends and realized capital gains. The performance presented represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results. Performance is compared to an index: however, the volatility of an index varies greatly and investments cannot be made directly in an index. Market conditions vary from year to year and can result in a decline in market value due to material market or economic conditions. Please refer to the attached GIPS Composite Report for additional disclosures.

Specific securities identified and described do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended to clients. There are no assurances that securities identified will be profitable investments. The securities described are neither a recommendation nor a solicitation. Security information is being obtained from resources the firm believes to be accurate, but no warrant is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the information.

Technical Terms: the below technical terms are sourced from Corporate Finance Institute.

**Price-to-earnings ratio (P/E ratio)** is the ratio for valuing a company that measures its current share price relative to its per-share earnings.

**Price-to-book (P/B) ratio** is the ratio to the market value of a company's shares (share price) over its book value of equity.

**Return on equity (ROE)** is the measure of a company's net income divided by its shareholders' equity.

**Fed funds rate** is the target interest rate set by the Federal Reserve for overnight loans between commercial banks.

**One, Big, Beautiful Bill** has a significant effect on federal taxes, credits and deductions. It was signed into law on July 4, 2025, as Public Law 119-21.

**Beta** measures the volatility of returns relative to the entire market. It is used as a measure of risk and is an integral part of the capital asset pricing model. A company with a higher beta has greater risk and also greater expected returns.

**The volatility of an index varies greatly. All indices are unmanaged and investments cannot be made directly in an index.**

**The Russell MidCap® Value Index** is an unmanaged index (with no defined investment objective) that measures the performance of the mid cap value segment of the U.S. equity universe. Indices are not securities that can be purchased or sold, and their total returns are reflective of unmanaged portfolios.

**The Russell MidCap® Index** measures the performance of the mid-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe. The Russell Midcap® Index is a subset of the Russell 1000® Index. It includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell Midcap® Index is constructed to provide a comprehensive and unbiased barometer for the mid-cap segment.

## Sterling Capital Mid Cap Relative Value SMA

|      | Total<br>Gross Return | Total<br>Net Return | Benchmark<br>Return | 3Y Composite<br>Std. Dev. (Gross) | 3Y Benchmark<br>Std. Dev. | Composite<br>Dispersion | Number of<br>Portfolios | Composite<br>AUM (MM) | Total Firm<br>AUM (MM) |
|------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 2025 | 6.17%                 | 3.09%               | 11.05%              | 14.88%                            | 15.35%                    | Not Calculable          | 1                       | \$52                  | \$69,234               |
| 2024 | 10.38%                | 7.18%               | 13.07%              | 18.82%                            | 19.77%                    | Not Calculable          | 1                       | \$38                  | \$66,160               |
| 2023 | 15.08%                | 11.76%              | 12.71%              | 18.47%                            | 19.31%                    | Not Calculable          | 1                       | \$44                  | \$66,746               |
| 2022 | -10.18%               | -12.84%             | -12.03%             | 22.37%                            | 24.44%                    | Not Calculable          | 1                       | \$44                  | \$62,842               |
| 2021 | 24.72%                | 21.14%              | 28.34%              | 19.79%                            | 21.95%                    | Not Calculable          | 1                       | \$63                  | \$75,309               |
| 2020 | 4.49%                 | 1.44%               | 4.96%               | 20.55%                            | 22.62%                    | Not Calculable          | 1                       | \$61                  | \$70,108               |
| 2019 | 30.60%                | 26.87%              | 27.06%              | 12.54%                            | 12.79%                    | Not Calculable          | 1                       | \$65                  | \$58,191               |
| 2018 | -13.54%               | -16.09%             | -12.29%             | 12.80%                            | 11.96%                    | Not Calculable          | 1                       | \$54                  | \$56,889               |
| 2017 | 22.79%                | 19.26%              | 13.34%              | 11.33%                            | 10.32%                    | Not Calculable          | 1                       | \$69                  | \$55,908               |
| 2016 | 12.68%                | 9.42%               | 20.00%              | 12.21%                            | 11.30%                    | Not Calculable          | 1                       | \$62                  | \$2,984                |

Benchmark: Russell Midcap<sup>®</sup> Value Index

Composite Creation Date: 09.26.2023

Inception Date: 07.01.2013

- Consists of all discretionary mid capitalization portfolios managed in the Stratton relative value style. Sterling's Stratton mid capitalization equity accounts invest primarily in companies similar to the market capitalization of the Russell Midcap<sup>®</sup> Index.
- The material risks of this strategy include, but are not limited to, the following: Market Risk, Management Risk, Market Disruption and Geopolitical Risk, Company Specific Risk, Equity Securities Risk. For a full list of strategy risks, please reference Sterling Capital Management's Form ADV, Part 2A.
- Sterling Capital Management LLC (SCM) claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS<sup>®</sup>) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. SCM has been independently verified for the periods 01/01/2001 to 12/31/2024. The verification report(s) is/are available upon request. A firm that claims compliance with the GIPS standards must establish policies and procedures for complying with all the applicable requirements of the GIPS standards. Verification provides assurance on whether the firm's policies and procedures related to composite and pooled fund maintenance, as well as the calculation, presentation, and distribution of performance, have been designed in compliance with the GIPS standards and have been implemented on a firm-wide basis. Verification does not provide assurance on the accuracy of any specific performance report. Benchmark returns are not covered by the report of the independent verifiers. GIPS<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of the CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein.
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- The performance presented represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results. Market and economic conditions vary from year to year and can result in a decline in market value due to material market or economic conditions. Please refer to the slide titled "Performance" for the one-, five-, and ten-year returns of the composite.
- A complete list of all of SCM's composites and SCM's broad distribution pooled funds and their descriptions is available upon request. Policies for valuing investments, calculating performance, and preparing GIPS Composite Reports are available upon request.
- Performance reflects reinvested interest income and dividends and realized and unrealized capital gains and losses. Valuations and performance are reported in U.S. dollars. Periodic time weighted returns are geometrically linked. Returns are not calculated net of non-reclaimable withholding taxes due to immaterial dollar amounts. Effective 1/1/22, composite returns are calculated by weighting the individual portfolio returns using beginning of period market values. From 8/1/15 to 1/1/22, composite returns were asset weighted using the average capital base method that reflects both beginning market value and cash flows and uses the aggregate method. Prior to 8/1/15 composite returns were calculated by weighting the individual portfolio returns using beginning of period market values. Performance results prior to August 1, 2015 are considered "predecessor performance" and were achieved by the Relative Value Team when they were part of the Stratton Management Company.
- Gross of fees returns are presented before management fees but after all trading costs. Net returns are calculated by deducting the highest applicable wrap fee of 3.00% annually from the gross composite return. Since inception, the composite contains only the pooled vehicle account.
- The appropriate benchmark is the Russell Midcap Value Index which consists of stocks from the Russell Midcap<sup>®</sup> Index with a less than average growth orientation and lower price-to-book ratios. It represents the universe of stocks from which value managers typically select. The index is reconstituted annually. Total return includes price appreciation/depreciation and income as a percent of original investment.
- The annual composite dispersion presented is measured by an asset-weighted standard deviation calculation method of all portfolios in the composite for the entire year, and is calculated using gross of fee returns. It is not meaningful when there have been less than six portfolios in composite for entire calendar year. The three year annualized standard deviation measures the variability of the composite and benchmark returns over the preceding 36-month period. The composite 3-year standard deviation is calculated using gross of fee returns. It is not required to be presented when a full three years of composite performance is not yet available.