

Weekly Market Update

January 12, 2026

Economic & Market News

This Week:

- U.S. economic reports scheduled to be released this week include the Consumer Price Index (CPI), new home sales, the Producer Price Index (PPI), retail sales, existing home sales, initial jobless claims, Manufacturing PMI, and industrial production.
- Non-U.S. economic reports scheduled to be released this week include China's trade balance, Eurozone industrial production, Eurozone trade balance, and Canada's housing starts.

Week in Review:

- The Institute for Supply Management (ISM) Non-Manufacturing Index increased to 54.4 in December. The new orders index rose to 57.9 from 52.9 while the business activity index increased to 56.0 from 54.5.
- The trade deficit in goods and services came in at \$29.4B in October. Exports rose by \$7.8B, led by nonmonetary gold and precious metals. Imports declined by \$11.0B, led by pharmaceuticals and nonmonetary gold.
- The unemployment rate ticked down to 4.4% in December versus a revised 4.5% in November. Nonfarm payrolls increased 50,000 in December. Payroll gains for October and November were revised down by a total of 76,000.

| Commodities | Latest | 1M Ago | 3M Ago | 6M Ago |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Oil (\$/barrel) | 59.12 | 58.25 | 61.51 | 68.38 |
| Gold (\$/oz) | 4490.30 | 4206.70 | 3946.30 | 3311.60 |
| Gasoline (\$/gallon) | 1.78 | 1.79 | 1.88 | 2.19 |

| Currencies | Latest | 1M Ago | 3M Ago | 6M Ago |
|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Euro (\$/€) | 1.16 | 1.16 | 1.16 | 1.17 |
| Pound (\$/£) | 1.34 | 1.33 | 1.33 | 1.36 |
| Yen (¥/\$) | 157.88 | 156.88 | 153.04 | 146.46 |

S&P 1500 by Capitalization & Style¹

| 1-Week Value | 1-Week Blend | 1-Week Growth | YTD Value | YTD Blend | YTD Growth |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 2.17% | 1.58% | 1.07% | Large | 2.53% | 1.80% |
| 3.68% | 3.32% | 2.97% | Mid | 4.84% | 4.71% |
| 5.00% | 4.14% | 3.34% | Small | 5.86% | 5.18% |

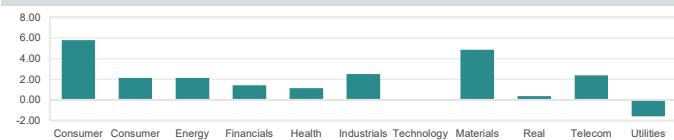
Upcoming U.S. Economic Events: January 12-16, 2026

| Day | Indicator | Period | Consensus | Last ² |
|-----|-------------------------------|--------|-----------|-------------------|
| TUE | CPI ex-Food & Energy SA M/M | DEC | 0.30% | - |
| TUE | CPI ex-Food & Energy NSA Y/Y | DEC | 2.7% | 2.6% |
| TUE | CPI SA M/M | DEC | 0.30% | - |
| TUE | CPI NSA Y/Y | DEC | 2.6% | 2.7% |
| TUE | Building Permits SAAR (Final) | OCT | - | 1,412K P |
| TUE | New Home Sales SAAR | OCT | 737.5K | - |
| WED | PPI SA M/M | DEC | - | - |
| WED | Existing Home Sales SAAR | DEC | 4,150K | 4,130K |
| THU | Continuing Jobless Claims SA | 01/03 | 1,899K | 1,914K |
| THU | Initial Claims SA | 01/10 | 217.5K | 208.0K |
| THU | Philadelphia Fed Index SA | JAN | -3.5 | -8.8 R |
| THU | Retail Sales SA M/M | DEC | - | - |
| FRI | Capacity Utilization NSA | DEC | 75.9% | 76.0% |
| FRI | Industrial Production SA M/M | DEC | 0.10% | 0.20% |

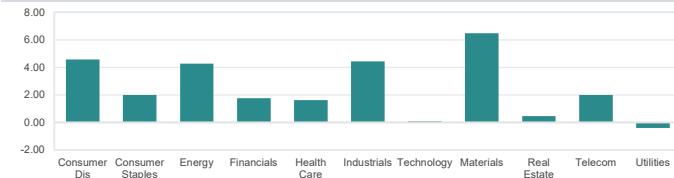
| Equity Index Characteristics ³ | P/E (TTM) | P/B (TTM) | P/CF (TTM) | Wtd Avg Mkt Cap (\$B) |
|---|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------------------|
| MSCI ACWI IMI | 22.44 | 3.12 | 14.84 | 145.49 |
| S&P 500 | 27.61 | 5.08 | 19.71 | 460.56 |
| S&P MidCap 400 | 20.74 | 2.53 | 12.41 | 9.93 |
| S&P SmallCap 600 | 17.28 | 1.77 | 9.39 | 3.27 |
| MSCI World ex U.S. | 18.65 | 2.19 | 11.18 | 66.10 |
| MSCI EM IMI | 16.06 | 1.99 | 10.47 | 44.91 |

S&P 500 Sector Returns (%)

1-Week



YTD



Index Returns

| | 1 Week | MTD | 3M | YTD |
|-------------------------|--------|------|------|------|
| MSCI ACWI IMI | 1.67 | 2.22 | 4.60 | 2.22 |
| S&P 500 | 1.58 | 1.80 | 3.75 | 1.80 |
| S&P MidCap 400 | 3.32 | 4.71 | 6.71 | 4.71 |
| S&P SmallCap 600 | 4.14 | 5.18 | 7.74 | 5.18 |
| MSCI World ex USA | 1.36 | 1.95 | 6.37 | 1.95 |
| MSCI EM IMI | 1.51 | 3.20 | 5.44 | 3.20 |
| Bloomberg U.S. Agg Bond | 0.35 | 0.15 | 1.10 | 0.15 |
| Bloomberg Commodity | 2.46 | 2.31 | 7.10 | 2.31 |
| DJ Equity All REIT | 0.93 | 1.11 | 1.16 | 1.11 |

Bond Rates

| | Latest | 1M Ago | 3M Ago | 6M Ago |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Fed Funds Target Rate | 3.64 | 3.89 | 4.10 | 4.33 |
| 2Y U.S. Treasury | 3.53 | 3.61 | 3.60 | 3.86 |
| 10Y U.S. Treasury | 4.17 | 4.18 | 4.14 | 4.34 |
| ICE 3M LIBOR | 4.85 | 4.85 | 4.85 | 4.85 |
| Bloomberg 10Y Muni | 3.09 | 3.23 | 3.32 | 3.63 |
| Bloomberg U.S. IG Corp. | 4.84 | 4.88 | 4.82 | 5.08 |
| Bloomberg U.S. HY Corp. | 6.47 | 6.71 | 6.84 | 7.07 |

10-Year Treasury Note Yields



S&P 500 Index Levels



Please see important definitions and disclosures on pages 2-4. All returns represent total return including dividends. Data is as of 01.09.2026 unless otherwise noted. Economic charts are provided for illustrative purposes only.

Important Information

Source Information & Technical Terms

¹Style boxes are derived from the components of the S&P 1500® Index. ²May include flash/preliminary estimates. ³Characteristics are as of 12.31.2025.

Economic & market news provided by Sterling Capital Advisory Solutions.

Commodity rates (oil, gold, gasoline), **currency rates** (dollar per pound sterling, dollar per euro, yen per dollar), **upcoming U.S. economic events**, **bond rates** (fed funds target rate, 2Y Treasury, 10Y Treasury, 3M LIBOR, 10Y municipal, U.S. IG corporate, U.S. HY corporate), **10Y Treasury yields** and **S&P 500 Index levels** are all sourced from FactSet.

Capitalization/style returns are based on S&P Indexes. All values are cumulative total return for stated period including the reinvestment of dividends. Top row indices (L-R): S&P 500 Value; S&P 500; S&P 500 Growth. Middle row indices (L-R): S&P Mid Cap 400 Value; S&P Mid Cap 400; S&P Mid Cap 400 Growth. Bottom row indices (L-R): S&P Small Cap 600 Value; S&P Small Cap 600; S&P Small Cap 600 Growth. The S&P 500, S&P Mid Cap 400, and S&P Small Cap 600 are defined on the next page. S&P Style indices measure growth and value along two separate dimensions, with three factors each used to measure growth and value. Growth factors: 3-year change in earnings per share over price per share; 3-year sales per share growth rate; momentum. Value factors: book value to price ratio; earnings to price ratio; sales to price ratio. Source: Morningstar Direct.

Equity index characteristics: P/E, P/B, and P/CF ratios for all indices are based on trailing twelve months (TTM) period. Source: Morningstar Direct. Index definitions are on the next page.

S&P 500 sector returns are based on the GICS Classification model. Returns are calculated by Morningstar Direct using constituents and weights provided by Standard and Poor's. Returns are cumulative total return for the stated period, including reinvestment of dividends. Source: Morningstar Direct.

Index returns: Prices reflect closing price level for each stated date. Source: Morningstar Direct.

The Consumer Price Index (CPI), calculated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), measures the monthly change in price for a figurative basket of goods and services.

The ISM Non-Manufacturing Index is an index that measures the economic condition and performance of service-based companies.

The ISM New Orders Index measures the change in new orders from customers for manufacturers or service providers compared to the prior month, indicating future production and economic direction; a reading above 50 signifies expansion (more orders), below 50 signals contraction (fewer orders), and at 50 means no change.

The ISM Business Activity Index measures the health of the U.S. manufacturing or service economy, reflecting changes in production, orders, employment, and inventories from a survey of purchasing managers; a reading above 50 signals expansion, while below 50 indicates contraction, with 50 showing no change.

Nonfarm payroll refers to the number of jobs in the private sector and government agencies. It excludes farm workers, private household employees, proprietors, non-profit employees, and actively serving military.

A non-seasonally adjusted (NSA) dataset shows the original, unmanipulated figures, retaining the full impact of regular, predictable patterns like holiday shopping or weather changes.

The Philadelphia Federal Index (Philly Fed Survey) tracks changes in manufacturing activity across Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Delaware. Above zero generally signals growth and below zero suggests contraction.

Price-to-book (P/B) compares the book value of fund's stocks with their market value. The P/B ratio indicates how much an investor is paying for a company's assets based on historical valuations. It does not reflect current market value.

Price-to-cash flow (P/CF) is a stock valuation indicator or multiple that measures the value of a stock's price relative to its operating cash flow per share.

Price-to-earnings (P/E) compares the price of a fund's stocks with their per-share earnings. A higher ratio indicates the market's belief that a company is able to increase its earnings.

The Producer Price Index (PPI) is a measure of inflation at the wholesale level. It's compiled from thousands of indexes that measure producer prices by industry and product category.

A monthly Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) for the manufacturing sector is developed by the Institute for Supply Management (ISM), a nonprofit supply management organization.

A seasonal adjustment (SA) is a statistical technique designed to even out periodic swings in statistics or movements in supply and demand related to changing seasons. It can, therefore, eliminate misleading seasonal components of an economic time series.

A seasonally adjusted annual rate (SAAR) is a rate adjustment used for economic or business data, such as sales numbers or employment figures, that attempts to remove seasonal variations in the data.

Weighted average market capitalization refers to a type of stock market index construction that is based on the market capitalization of the index's constituent stocks.



Important Information

Index Definitions

A Note on Indices: The volatility of an index varies greatly. All indices are unmanaged, and investments cannot be made directly in an index.

The **Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index** is an unmanaged, market-value-weighted index of taxable investment-grade fixed-rate debt issues, including government, corporate, asset-backed, and mortgage-backed securities, with maturities of one year or more.

The **Bloomberg Commodity Index** (BCOM) is calculated on an excess return basis and reflects commodity futures price movements. The index rebalances annually weighted 2/3 by trading volume and 1/3 by world production and weight-caps are applied at the commodity, sector and group level for diversification. Roll period typically occurs from 6th-10th business day based on the roll schedule.

The **Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield Index** is an unmanaged, U.S. dollar-denominated, nonconvertible, non-investment-grade debt index. The index consists of domestic and corporate bonds rated Ba and below with a minimum outstanding amount of \$150 million.

The **Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Investment Grade Index** is an unmanaged index composed of the qualifying universe of investment grade rated taxable corporate bonds. The index includes U.S.-denominated securities publicly issued by U.S. and non-U.S. industrial, utility, and financial issuers.

The **Bloomberg U.S. 1-10 Year Municipal Index** is a market value-weighted index which covers the short and intermediate components of the Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index.

The **DJ Equity ALL REIT Index** represents all publicly traded real estate investment trusts in the Dow Jones U.S. stock universe classified as Equity REITs according to the Dow Jones REIT Industry Classification Hierarchy. These companies are REITs that primarily own and operate income-producing real estate.

The **ICE 3M USD LIBOR** is the primary benchmark for short-term interest rates globally, used for mortgages, loans, for interest rate contracts on futures and options exchanges, and as a general gauge of the health of financial monetary markets.

The **MSCI World ex USA Index** captures large and mid cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets (DM) countries excluding the United States. The index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.

The **MSCI ACWI Investable Market Index** (IMI) captures large, mid and small cap representation across 23 Developed Markets (DM) and 24 Emerging Markets (EM) countries*.

The **MSCI Emerging Markets Investable Market Index** (IMI) captures large, mid and small cap representation across 23 Emerging Markets (EM) countries. The index covers approximately 99% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country.

The **S&P 500® Index** is a readily available, carefully constructed, market-value-weighted benchmark of common stock performance. Currently, the S&P® Composite includes 500 of the largest stocks (in terms of stock market value) in the United States; prior to March 1957 it consisted of 90 of the largest stocks.

The **S&P SmallCap 600® Index** is designed to measure the performance of the small capitalization sector of the U.S. equities market. This index consists of 600 domestic stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, (bid-asked spread, ownership, share turnover and number of no trade days) and industry group representation.

The **S&P MidCap 400® Index** is designed to measure the performance of the mid capitalization sector of the U.S. equities market. This index consists of 400 domestic stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, (bid-asked spread, ownership, share turnover and number of no trade days) and industry group representation.

Important Information

Disclosures

Past performance is not indicative of future results. Any type of investing involves risk and there are no guarantees that these methods will be successful. Economic charts are provided for illustrative purposes only. The information provided herein is subject to market conditions and is therefore expected to fluctuate.

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